

The Diana Award definition of bullying is "repeated negative behaviour that is intended to make others feel upset, uncomfortable or unsafe." Cyberbullying is bullying which takes place online. It can involve anything from sending messages to posting offensive comments to uploading and sharing private or embarrassing photos. It is classed as an indirect form of bullying when compared to verbal or physical bullying, given it usually takes place through a digital device. However, for those experiencing bullying behaviour, the consequences can be just as serious and have far reaching effects.



What schools need to know about 🤹





3 KEY ASPECTS OF BULLYING BEHAVIOUR



DIFFERENT DEVICES & CHANNELS

Cyberbullying can take place over any device connected to the internet which allows for two-way communication. This includes mobile phones tablets, computers and even games consoles as it becomes more and more common for players to chat to other players whilst playing online. From a snapshot of 1,400 students surveyed by the Diana Award in 2018, 33% of young people admitted to have experienced bullying on social media, 11% via text message and 12% whilst online gaming.



WHAT LEADS TO CYBERBULLYING

never any justification for cyberbullying and those who display bullying our need to be held to account for their actions. Nonetheless, it can useful to understand some of the factors that may lead young people into bullying our. For example, family issues, personal difficulties and a lack of positive ement may push some young children into bullying others as a form of mechanism. Similarly, those exhibiting bullying behaviour may blame their for provoking their behaviour in the first place or engage in bullying our as a call for attention if they lack social skills or understanding. Others may eli position as dominant which makes themselves less vulnerable to being or they replicate behaviour they have experienced themselves in the past.



SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS

Cyberbullying can affect anyone, at any time, at any place. The impacts of cyberbullying can be long-lasting and leave people feeling scared, anxious and lonely. Some of the more obvious signs that those experiencing bullying behaviour might show include weight loss, crying, mood changes, depression and regularly avoiding school. Other symptoms, which might be less obvious to spot and would be difficult to pick up on in isolation, may include changes in body Janquage like hunched shoulders, walking slower or an Inability to make eye-contact, in extreme cases, those experiencing bullying behaviour may have unexplained marks or scars which could be evidence of self-harm.











TAKE A WHOLE SCHOOL APPROACH



BUILD CONFIDENCE IN DEALING WITH INCIDENTS

inis can be actined by naving clear knowledge of what constitutes bullying behaviour, having clear sanctions and courses of action and continually updating your knowledge of safety procedures regarding online and offline incidents.



USE CHILDREN AND YOUNG PEOPLE AS A RESOURCE

Ensure you understand what is influencing the behaviour of young people in your community. If schools know what their students are engaging with, it can be easier to develop and implement relevant and effective tactics / strategies to counter cyberbullying issues.



UNDERSTAND THE CAUSES OF BULLYING

previously mentioned, sometimes those who are behind the bullying are in need of As previously mentoned, sometimes trose who Enig a Peter the builty after in each of support just as much as those who being targeted. In Peter understanding the cause of the lissue, schools can better position themselves to tackle the problem and also adequately support both whose displaying and experiencing the bullying behaviour. Taking a proactive approach ment that schools can gear themselves to tackle issues specific to their school environment, rather than treating each case the same.



All staff have a role to play in educating and supporting children who are affected by cyberbullying, not Just those responsible for safeguarding or online safety. Regular training, continuous professional development and clear school policies can help to empower staff in effectively managing any cyberbullying issues and in providing a united staff front on zero tolerance to all bullying behaviour.



In collaboration with





Ask For Help

For further support, advice or guidance to support you students at school, or to sign up to The Diana Award's free Anti-Bullying Ambassadors training events, head to

www.antibullyingpro.com



Twitter - @natonlinesafety

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