

Year 13 Physics Curriculum Overview

Rationale: The Year 12 Biology curriculum is designed to further explore and investigate Physics by building a mind-set that allows skills to be continuously developed. Students will study and experience modules such as fields, thermal physics, radiation and engineering Physics. In doing so, pupils will develop their practical, numeracy and investigative skills.

Term/Length of Time	Outline	Assessment/Teacher Feedback Opportunities	Homework and Literacy resources
Section 6	Further mechanics and thermal physics	Circular motion cimple	Homowork is set weakly and contains a mixture of recall
35 Jossons	The earlier study of mechanics is further	barmonic motion, thermal	examistive questions as well as more detailed application
including	advanced through a consideration of	narmonic motion, thermal	has a devam style questions
assessment	circular motion and simple harmonic	assessments in the style of	All homework is reviewed with at least one detailed FAR
and	motion (the harmonic oscillator). A further	exam questions	(Feedback Action Response) marked by the teacher
feedback	section allows the thermal properties of		approximately once every 2 weeks
	materials, the properties and nature of	Written and verbal feedback	
	ideal gases, and the molecular kinetic	given throughout module	Optional homework tasks and Literacy resources:
	theory to be studied in depth.	through in-class activities and	SoL on science shared area, including PowerPoints, details
		homework.	of practical investigations, worksheets, revision resources,
	<u>Skills</u>		a range of AFL (assessment for learning) activities,
	 Estimate the acceleration and 		research based tasks, model answers, short answer
	centripetal force in situations that		questions, exam questions, mark schemes, examiner's
	involve rotation.		reports as well as homework.
	 Sketch relationships between x, v, 		
	a and t for simple harmonic		Physics offers many opportunities to develop and extend
	oscillators.		students' literacy skills. There is a large amount of new,
	 Students should recognise the use 		subject-specific vocabulary, and so each unit includes a
	of the small-angle approximation in		PLC (Personnel Learning checklist) which students will
	the derivation of the time period		engage with throughout the unit. Students will use texts
	for examples of approximate SHM.		to find out information for themselves, using the
			and glossary soctions of toyt books used in class, and also
Section 7	<u>FIGIOS</u>	Gravitational fields Electric	and glossally sections of text books used in class, drid diso
50 lessons	ine concept of field is one of the great	Fields Canacitors Magnetic	connect information within tonics
50 18550115	unitying ideas in physics. The ideas of	Tielus, Capacitors, Magnetic	

gravita	ation, electrostatics and magnetic	Fields and Electromagnetic	
field th	neory are developed within the topic	induction end of topic	Useful websites:
to emp	phasise this unification. Many ideas	assessments in the style of	
from n	nechanics and electricity from earlier	exam questions	https://www.physicsandmathstutor.com/
in the	course support this and are further		https://senecalearning.com/en-GB/
develo	ped. Practical applications	Written and verbal feedback	https://www.youtube.com/c/MalmesburyEducation
consid	ered include: planetary and satellite	given throughout module	https://www.aqa.org.uk/subjects/science/as-and-a-
orbits,	capacitance and capacitors, their	through in-class activities and	level/physics-7407-7408
charge	and discharge through resistors,	homework.	https://www.savemyexams.co.uk/a-
and ele	ectromagnetic induction. These		level/physics/aqa/17/revision-notes/
topics	have considerable impact on		
moder	n society.		Reading list:
Skills • • • • •	Students use graphical representations to investigate relationships between v, r and g. Estimate various parameters of planetary orbits, eg kinetic energy of a planet in orbit. Use logarithmic plots to show relationships between T and r for given data. Determine the relative permittivity of a dielectric using a parallel-plate capacitor. Investigate the relationship between C and the dimensions of a parallel-plate capacitor eg using a capacitance meter. Investigation of the charge and discharge of capacitors. Analysis		 A Brief History of Time - Stephen Hawking Surely You're Joking Mr Feynman: Adventures of a Curious Character - Ralph Leighton and Richard Feynman Blackholes and Timewarps: Einstein's Outrageous Legacy - Kip Thorne The First Three Minutes - Steven Weinberg Six Easy Pieces - Richard P. Feynman Seven Brief Lessons on Physics - Carlo Rovelli Mr Tompkins in Paperback – George Gamow Why Does E=mc^2 ? - Brian Cox and Jeff Forshaw Does God Play Dice? - Ian Stewart A Short History of Nearly Everything - Bill Bryson Invention and Evolution: Design in Nature and Engineering – Michael French Cosmos – Carl Sagan Moondust: In Search of the Men Who Fell to Earth - Andrew Smith

	 log-linear plotting leading to a determination of the time constant, RC Investigate how the force on a wire varies with flux density, current and length of wire using a top pan balance. Investigate, using a search coil and oscilloscope, the effect on magnetic flux linkage of varying the angle between a search coil and magnetic field direction. Investigate relationships between currents, voltages and numbers of coils in transformers. 		 14. Quantum Theory Cannot Hurt You: Understanding the Mind-Blowing Building Blocks of the Universe - Marcus Chown 15. A Short History of Nearly Everything - Bill Bryson 16. Thing Explainer: Complicated Stuff in Simple Words - Randall Munroe
Section 8 24 lessons including assessment and feedback	Nuclear physicsThis section builds on the work of Particlesand radiation to link the properties of thenucleus to the production of nuclear powerthrough the characteristics of the nucleus,the properties of unstable nuclei, and thelink between energy and mass. Studentsshould become aware of the physics thatunderpins nuclear energy production andalso of the impact that it can have onsociety.Skills• Investigate the nature of alpha,beta and gamma radiation withhands on experience of radioactivesources	Radioactivity and Nuclear energy end of topic assessments in the style of exam questions Written and verbal feedback given throughout module through in-class activities and homework.	

	Investigation of the inverse-square	
	law for gamma radiation.	
	 Investigate the decay equation 	
	using a variety of approaches	
	(including the use of experimental	
	data, dice simulations etc) and a	
	variety of analytical methods.	
	 Make order of magnitude 	
	calculations of the radius of	
	different atomic nuclei.	
	Engineering physics	
Section 9	This option offers opportunities for	Rotational dynamics and
20 lessons	students to reinforce and extend the work	Thermodynamics and engines
including	of core units by considering applications in	end of topic assessments in
assessment	areas of engineering and technology. It	the style of exam questions
and	extends the student's understanding in	
feedback	areas of rotational dynamics and	Written and verbal feedback
	thermodynamics. The emphasis in this	given throughout module
	option is on an understanding of the	through in-class activities and
	concepts and the application of physics.	homework.
	Questions can be set in novel or unfamiliar	
	contexts, but in such cases the scene is set	
	and any relevant required information is	
	given.	
	Skills	
	Explore the concept of moment of	
	inertia	
	 Identify the uses of flywheels 	
	 Students will make links between 	
	rotational mechanics and	

 previous learning. Understand how four-stroke engines work. Explore the applications of the laws of thermodynamics. 			
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